



THERE'S BEAUTY IN IMPERFECTION

The charm of craftmanship lies in imperfections.

Therefore, any minor flaws testify to the frames being handcrafted.

Our unique, 90-piece limited-edition collection capsules are inspired and driven by our everlasting passion for history, art and architecture.

Our frames are entirely made by the masterful hands of Italian craftsmen of the Cadore Valley and require up to 60 manufacturing steps.

Milling and details are handcrafted. Cores (anime) are inserted into the frames' temples by hand.

Good's frames are intended as valuable artefacts

- made with dedication and outstanding craftsmanship - inherently refined yet smart as Neapolitan style can be.

LIMITED EDITION

90 piece capsule collections

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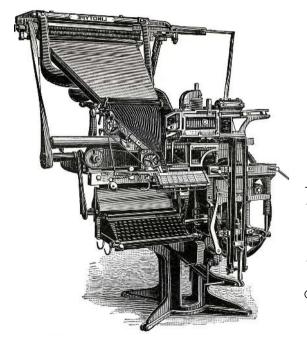
OUR COMMITMENT

Being environmentally conscious is at the heart of our choices here at Good's; therefore, we have been taking action to reduce our carbon footprint by concentrating our production chain in Italy. Sustainability is at the core of our design process: we take pride in holding our resource and supply chain to a strict, environmentally aware and sustainability-driven protocol.

A MATTER OF MATERIALS

Our frames are made in Mazzucchelli M49 hand-polished bio-acetate, which is fully recyclable and biodegradable. Bio-acetate is hypoallergenic and provides an enjoyable, warm, and smooth feel to the touch.

FULLY MADE IN ITALY





the right way to look at things

MORE ABOUT OUR CORES

The temple cores of the **Font Collection** frames are inspired by the world of traditional typography, enhancing the design concept of the collection, and are engraved with Good's payoff, composed of a selection of different fonts

the right way to look at things

The engraving is developed from right to left, as the lead lines produced by the Linotype typographic machine, invented by the German watchmaker Ottmar Mergenthaler in 1886, which revolutionised the world of printing and was therefore defined by Thomas Edison as
The Eighth Wonder of the World.

BIO-ACETATE

Mazzucchelli's M49 acetate is fully recyclable, biodegradable, and free of chemical agglomerates to reduce the risk of allergic reactions.

Its natural origin is also revealed to the touch with a pleasant, warm and silky effect.

THE TECHNOLOGY BEHIND OUR COULRWAYS

Our two-tone frames are achieved through a double-layer, glue-free M49 cellulose bio-acetate extrusion featuring an 80/10 front consisting of a 10/10 opaque top layer and a 70/10 transparent base.





OUR INSPIRATION

The colours and colour combinations created exclusively for the Font Collection are inspired by the pigment materials used in the production of manuscripts: a link between the mastery of the amanuensis and typography in its early days.

Semi-precious stones, minerals, weeds and lichens were pulverised and used as ink.

After extensive research, Good's creative team carefully designed the colour combinations that characterise the two-tone acetates used in

the new

Font Collection frames:

Nerofumo
Calligraphy
Chiaroscuro
Azurite
Malachite
Chrozophora
Vermillion/Orcein
Burnt Umber/Orpiment

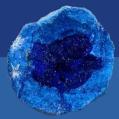




Saint Augustine De civitate Dei It is known to be the first volume ever printed in Italy (circa 1467) Biblioteca Storia Patria in Castel Nuovo, Naples

AZURITE

The Egyptians and Romans regarded azurite as sacred as it was believed to allow contact with divinities and guarantee new, prosperous experiences



MALACHITE

Malachite was associated with three mythological deities: Hator, Isis and Persephone. In Ancient Egypt, the noblest families used to adorn the headgear of pharaohs and crush it to use as a cosmetic pigment. It was often used as an amulet to protect children's and pregnant women's health.



BURNT UMBER - ORPIMENT

Burnt umber is widely used in figurative arts to achieve chiaroscuro effects and is here combined with orpiment.

The ancients erroneously believed that **orpiment** was made out of traces of gold and was, therefore, used in paintings of high symbolic value.



VERMILLION - ORCEIN

Vermilion, obtained initially from powdered cinnabar, has been known and used since Neolithic times yet was popularized by the Greeks, Romans, and Egyptians. In China, it was used to paint emperors' chariots and as a calligraphic ink exclusive to emperors. Here, it is combined with the bright pink hue of orcein, obtained from crushed lichens.



Chrozophora tinctoria is an invasive plant that thrives in uncultivated fields. In medieval times, it was used to extract litmus (the Latin name derives from the plant's characteristic of turning towards the sun), a dye used for illuminated manuscripts, and as a food colouring.

NEROFUMO

Nerofumo (carbon black), the precursor of ink 4,000 years ago, was a mixture of ash and water collected in a special container.

In 400 AD, Indian ink was first obtained in China by mixing soot with bonds of vegetable and animal origin.



FONT COLLECTION

In the **Font collection**, each frame style is inspired by a font and *reinterprets the history and characteristics of its namesake*, re-proposing the proportion of the thicknesses and the curvatures of the letters.

Graces and sticks, body and eyelet, ascending and descending temples, arms and legs, bellies and tails, all the peculiarities of each font are studied, interpreted and re-proposed in the design process for each frame, without, however, compromising our usual attention to the wearability of the glasses, one of the peculiar characteristics of Good's frames, *always striving for balancing functionality and aesthetics*.

The Font collection includes two limited edition capsules:







Garamond

Demure and refined

✓ I learned things about serif and sans serif typefaces, variable spaces between letters, and what makes a great typeface great. It was subtly beautiful, historically and artistically, in a way that science cannot capture, and I found it fascinating. None of this had the slightest hope of practical application in my life. But ten years later, when we were designing the first Macintosh computer, all of that came back to me

Steve Jobs (1955 - 2011) ENTREPRENEUR AND INVENTOR



EYE: 49 mm BRIDGE: 19 mm TEMPLE: 145 mm







C2 - calligraphy
Golden Core

360° view









C3 - azurite Silver Core

360° view





Inspiration

The Garamond frame style is inspired by the namesake font, regarded as one of the most famous and influential typefaces in the history of typography. It identifies a series of typefaces designed in Paris in the second half of the 1500s by the typographer Claude Garamond, as commissioned by Francis I of France, inspired by the calligraphy of the court librarian Angelo Vergecio. It is a graceful Renaissance-style typeface, refined but composed, denoted by high legibility.

Fun facts

Garamond is among the most sustainable fonts to print, as its letterforms use less ink than others. Garamond is part of the serif family, although it features a pretty unpronounced serif with a slight slant in the letters, making for a very interesting typeface. Because of this, Garamond shares some of its references with other classical sources such as Bodoni, and it has always been a favourite font among writers of classical novels who desire to offer an influential and neat feel to their works.





C4 - malachite
Golden Core





C6 - vermillion/orcein

360° view





C5 - chrozophora Silver Core

360° view





C7 - burnt umber/orpiment

360° view

Frame style ID

Frame front: the front was designed by re-proposing the proportions of the inspiration typeface, reproducing its pleasantly soft line and the lively thickness interplay between ascenders and descenders. The result is a graceful yet delicately poised front. The opaline top interacts with the translucent base in an interesting trompe d'oeil effect that lightens the frame's perceptual weight by concealing some of its functional elements, such as the bridge, which becomes partially translucent.

Temples: the *sail-style* temples owe their name to the shape that resembles a rudder tiller. The earpiece temple tip is pierced with an "O" inspired by Good's logo.

Core: visible from the outside due to the subtle transparency of the acetate and made to an exclusive Good's design, it reproduces - with an engraved inscription - *the right way to look at things* developed from right to left, like the lead lines produced by the traditional Linotype typographic machine, invented in 1886 and defined by Thomas Edison as *The Eighth Wonder of the World*.

Baskerville

Distinguished and smart

G Having been an early admirer of the beauty of letters, I began to desire, without realizing it, to contribute to their perfection

> John Baskerville (1706 – 1775) IMPRENDITORE



EYE: 50 mm BRIDGE: 19 mm TEMPLE: 145 mm











C3 - azurite

360° view





First designed in: 1757 Designer: John Baskerville Producer: Monotype, Linotype

Style: Serif

Feature: distingushed and smart

Inspiration

Our Baskerville frame style is inspired by the typeface of the same name, designed in 1757 in Birmingham by English calligrapher John Baskerville. This typeface was explicitly designed to suit the project of creating high-quality books printed with the finest inks and printing methods using the most cutting-edge and efficient printing presses. From his genius, thus sprang one of the most elegant and legible character sets in the entire history of fonts. Baskerville's work was not immediately appreciated, but it was much valued abroad, inspiring famous typographers such as Fournier, Bodoni, and even Benjamin Franklin, who brought this font into popularity.

Fun facts

"I do not desire to print many books, but only those that are important or of intrinsic merit and of assured fame, which the public may be pleased to see in elegant typeset and to buy at a price that will compensate for the extraordinary care which must necessarily be provided for them."

(Title page for Baskerville's edition of Milton's Paradise Lost)





C2 - havana tobacco Golden Core

360° view





C4 - malachite
Golden Core





C6 - vermillion/orcein

360° view





C5 - chrozophora
Golden Core

360° view





C7 - burnt umber/orpiment

360° view

Frame style ID

Frame front: the front of this frame style was designed by re-proposing the inspiration typeface proportions and maintaining its uniquely elegant features with the soft lines of clear calligraphic inspiration, which still make Baskerville one of the most beloved fonts today. The opaline top interacts with the translucent base in an interesting trompe d'oeil effect that lightens the frame's perceptual weight, and the dual colour is enhanced by the special millings in the bridge and snouts.

Temples: the *sail-style* temples owe their name to the shape that resembles a rudder tiller. The earpiece temple tip is pierced with an "O" inspired by Good's logo.

Core: visible from the outside due to the subtle transparency of the acetate and made to an exclusive Good's design, it reproduces - with an engraved inscription - *the right way to look at things* developed from right to left, like the lead lines produced by the traditional Linotype typographic machine, invented in 1886 and defined by Thomas Edison as *The Eighth Wonder of the World*.



Sans Serif

The first capsule is inspired by **sans serif** fonts, those without terminal strokes: precise and clean letters constructed only via curves and sticks.

The capsule consists of five frame styles
with a classic taste and a delicately *retro-futuristic appeal*:
serious but not severe,
elegant but not pretentious,
young but not childish,
simple but not bland,
and contemporary yet timeless.

Helvetica The ultimate neutral

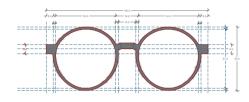
C The Beatles are the Helvetica of pop, just as Helvetica is The Beatles of typefaces

Experimental Jetset



EYE: 53 mm BRIDGE: 18 mm TEMPLE: 145 mm













Silver Core

३६०° view





First designed in: 1957 Designer: Max Miedinger Producer: Haas'sche Schriftgießerei Style: Sans serif - neo grotesque Feature: versatile and neutral

Inspiration

The **Helvetica** frame owes its proudly linear design to the Helvetica font, created in Switzerland in 1957 by the designer Max Miedinger as a reinterpretation of Akzidenz-Grotesk (1896).

Helvetica is a *highly balanced, versatile, and neutral font*, traits that made it - as early as the 1960s - THE font of choice for many designers and sealed its international success.

It remains among the most loved and used fonts in Western typography.

Fun facts

In 2007, to celebrate the 50th anniversary of its invention, the font was featured in a documentary of the same name, directed by Gary Hustwit. In the same year, an exhibition, 50 Years of Helvetica, was dedicated to the iconic font at the Museum of Modern Art in New York.

Massimo Vignelli, when interviewed for the documentary, stated:

'There are people who think that typeface has to be expressive. I have a different point of view."





C4 - gold turtle
Golden Core





C6 - sky blue/crystal traffic red
Silver Core

360° view





C5 - sand/crystal clay

360° view





C7 - skydiver
Golden Core

360° view

Frame style ID

Frame front: The front design follows the original font's clear aesthetic perspective, continuously developing vertically or horizontally, never diagonally.

The proportion between the vertical and horizontal lines and the radii of curvature are reconstructed directly from the original font.

The result is a linear, clean, elegant, versatile frame style that suits a variety of face shapes.

Temples: the *sail-style* temples owe their name to the shape that resembles a rudder tiller.

The earpiece temple tip is pierced with an "O" inspired by Good's branding.

Core: Visible from the outside due to the subtle transparency of the acetate and made to an exclusive Good's design, it reproduces - with an engraved inscription - *the right way to look at things* developed from right to left, like the lead lines produced by the traditional Linotype typographic machine, invented in 1886 and defined by Thomas Edison as *The Eighth Wonder of the World*.



the right way to look at things

Futura Efficiency made cool

6 € To be defined as truly modern, a typeface must succeed in expressing new ways rather than replicating previous designs 9 9

Paul Renner



EYE: 53 mm BRIDGE: 18 mm TEMPLE: 145 mm









Silver Core

360° view





C2 - traffic red/crystal garden green
Silver Core

360° view





C3 - sky blue/crystal traffic red

360° view





First designed in: **1927** Designer: **Paul Renner**

Producer: **Graphische Berufschule** Style: **Sans serif – geometrico** Feature: **semplice ed efficiente**

Inspiration

Our Futura frame style draws inspiration from the Futura typeface by the German designer Paul Renner (1928). It is inspired by the Bauhaus principles of rationalism and functionalism and developed starting from elementary geometric shapes such as equilateral triangles, circles and squares. The result is an *elegant*, *simple*, *efficient* and *highly readable* font: a perfect balance of tradition and innovation

Fun facts

Futura rose to fame thanks to the Apollo 11 expedition. The plaque left on the moon in July 1969 after the first moon landing was engraved in this very character, which read in capital letters: Here men from the planet Earth first set foot upon the Moon July 1969, A. D. We came in peace for all humankind.











C7 - opaline orange/crystal turtle
Silver Core

360° view

Frame style ID

Frame front: The design of the frame re-proposes the key proportional ratios of the original typeface, striving for the simplicity and linearity that have made Futura so iconic and immortal. The controlled thickness of the horizontal and vertical lines makes this frame style *compact* and *pleasingly tapered*.

Temples: the *sail-style* temples owe their name to the shape that resembles a rudder tiller.

The earpiece temple tip is pierced with an "O" inspired by Good's branding.

Core: Visible from the outside due to the subtle transparency of the acetate and made to an exclusive Good's design, it reproduces - with an engraved inscription - *the right way to look at things* developed from right to left, like the lead lines produced by the traditional Linotype typographic machine, invented in 1886 and defined by Thomas Edison as *The Eighth Wonder of the World*.



the right way to look at things

Gotham

The feisty one

← ← From my mentors, I learned that small decisions affect big ones. I also cultivated a natural inclination for historical research as the foundation of typography

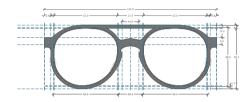
Tobias Frere-Jones



EYE: 54 mm BRIDGE: 20mm TEMPLE:

145 mm











Golden Core

360° view



360° view





First designed in: 2000 Designer: Tobias Frere-Jones Producer: Hoefter & co Style: Sans serif – geometrico Feature: fresco e geometrico

Inspiration

Our **Gotham** frame style is inspired by the homonymous typeface designed by Tobias Frere-Jones for Hoefler & Frere-Jones in 2000 and made undisputedly popular by Barack Obama's 2008 presidential campaign.

In the making of Gotham, Frere-Jones captured the aesthetics of old city signs, such as the one placed on the entrance to the New York Port Authority Bus Terminal, creating a fresh, geometric font that is *harmonious* yet *assertive*.

Fun Fact

Frere-Jones took thousands of photographs of decaying urban signs when designing this font, recovering and rescuing them from going lost.







C5 - gradient green copper



Frame style ID

Frame front: Our Gotham frame style is intended to echo the bold yet essential and geometric look of the original font used by Obama. The result is thus a frame with a decidedly born-in-the-US taste, which nods to the iconic aviator teardrop glasses with a double bridge.

Temples: the *sail-style* temples owe their name to the shape that resembles a rudder tiller.

The earpiece temple tip is pierced with an "O" inspired by Good's branding.

Core: Visible from the outside due to the subtle transparency of the acetate and made to an exclusive Good's design, it reproduces - with an engraved inscription - *the right way to look at things* developed from right to left, like the lead lines produced by the traditional Linotype typographic machine, invented in 1886 and defined by Thomas Edison as *The Eighth Wonder of the World*.



the **right** way to look at **things**



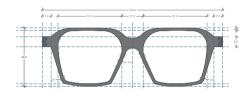
6 6 The most important thing I learned is that readability and beauty are equal and that typographic design should be felt but not perceived by the reader

Adrian Frutiger



EYE: 52 mm BRIDGE: 16 mm TEMPLE: 145 mm









C2 - sky blue/crystal traffic red
Silver Core









C3 - gradient green copper
Silver Core

360° view





First designed in: 1975 Designer: Adrian Frutiger Producer: Linotype Style: Sans serif – humanist Feature: armonico e riconoscibile

Inspiration

Our Frutiger frame style is inspired by the Frutiger typeface, created in France in 1975 by the skilful hands of the Swiss Adrian Frutiger, as a typeface to be adopted for the signage of the newly established Charles De Gaulle Airport in Paris. The key feature of Frutiger's typeface is its high readability, even on a very small scale, thanks to the large kerning and the very prominent ascending and descending rods. Essential, authoritative, but pleasingly harmonious, it has an exquisitely contemporary character.

Fun Fact

Frutiger stated that a letter follows the same canons of beauty as a face: a beautiful letter is perfect in proportions. If the bar of a 'T' is set too high, or if the curve of an 'A' is set too low, this disproportion jars like a long nose or a small chin





C4 - havana tobacco Silver Core





C6 - opaline orange/crystal coral

360° view





C5 - traffic red/crystal garden green
Silver Core

360° view





C7 - gold turtle

360° view

Frame style ID

Frame front: The frame front reproduces the original font design in proportion to the thicknesses between the relatively homogeneous horizontal and vertical temples and the inclination of the ascending and descending temples. The resulting frame has a delicately retro-futuristic taste, linear but not lacking in character.

Temples: The temple is attached to the front via a *UPN hinge* through two riveted rivets, leaving the metal hinge visible. The perforated 'O' from the Good's branding is reproduced at the edge of each temple.

Core: Visible from the outside due to the subtle transparency of the acetate and made to an exclusive Good's design, it reproduces - with an engraved inscription - *the right way to look at things* developed from right to left, like the lead lines produced by the traditional Linotype typographic machine, invented in 1886 and defined by Thomas Edison as *The Eighth Wonder of the World*.



the right way to look at things

Monts**er**rat

Current and refined

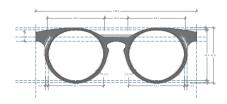
Chis can be a lifelong project, as letterforms are constantly discovered in urban situations. This case is the opposite of standard typography; typefaces go from the streets to the computer, like digitising something from scratch

Julieta Ulanovsky



EYE: 49 mm BRIDGE: 21 mm TEMPLE: 145 mm







C2 - calligraphy
Golden Core

360° view





C1 - nerofumo
Silver Core

360° view







First designed in: 2010
Designer: Julieta Ulanovsky
Producer: Zkysky
Style: Sans serif – geometrico
Feature: elegante e moderno

Inspiration

Our Montserrat frame style is inspired by the Montserrat typeface, designed by Julieta Ulanovsky in 2010.

It recaptures and reproduces the 1920s and 1950s typefaces found on street signs, posters, painted windows and cafés in the historic Montserrat neighbourhood of Buenos Aires. Characterised by a *great height, short descenders* and *large openings*, Montserrat achieves high legibility even on a small scale.

Fun Fact

As urban development changes this place, it will never return to its original form. It will forever lose the designs that are so special and unique, as old signage and bus shelters are irretrievable once they are replaced. To design the letters, I rely on examples of lettering in urban spaces. Each selected example produces variations in length, width and height proportions, each added to the Montserrat family.

Julieta Ulanovsky





Silver Core

२६०° view





360° view

Frame style ID

Frame front: The frame front has been designed by re-proposing the original Montserrat proportions, characterised by short descenders and wide openings that deliver a *soft*, *delicately sinuous* and *well-proportioned* line. The opaline top interacts with the translucent base in a *trompe d'oeil* effect that lightens the perceptual weight of the frame, and the special milling in the bridge and snouts enhances the double colour.

Temples: the *sail-style* temples owe their name to the shape that resembles a rudder tiller.

The earpiece temple tip is pierced with an "O" inspired by Good's branding.

Core: Visible from the outside due to the subtle transparency of the acetate and made to an exclusive Good's design, it reproduces - with an engraved inscription - *the right way to look at things* developed from right to left, like the lead lines produced by the traditional Linotype typographic machine, invented in 1886 and defined by Thomas Edison as *The Eighth Wonder of the World*.



the right way to look at things



Serif

The second capsule collection is inspired by **serif** typefaces, which feature small elongations at the end of a letter, providing an enhanced handwriting feel.

The eyewear in this capsule is designed in a *trompe d'oeil* perspective, concealing certain functional elements from view to lighten the perceptual weight of the frame and enhance the *ton sur ton* bichromatic effect of the bi-extruded acetate.

The colourways nod to the pigments used in the first season of traditional typography.

Bodoni

The essence of quiet luxury

Giovanni Battista Bodoni



EYE: 50 mm BRIDGE: 19 mm TEMPLE: 145 mm









C1 - nerofumo

Golden Core

360° view





C2 - chiaroscuro

Golden Core

360° view





C3 - azurite

360° view





First designed in: 1798 Designer: Giovanni Battista Bodoni Producer: ATF Style: Serif – bodoniano

Style: **Serif – bodoniano** Feature: **sobrio e austero**

Inspiration

Our **Bodoni** frame style is inspired by the homonymous typeface designed by Giovanni Battista Bodoni in 1798; *it masterfully represents made in Italy* and is one of the best-known and best-loved typefaces in the world. Its salient features make it easily recognisable: a strong contrast between thick and thin lines, thin and perpendicular serifs to the primary stroke, and a sober and vaguely austere appearance.

Fun Fact

The rigour of the proportions Bodoni sought for the font he created for the Duke of Parma made its manufacture particularly complex and costly, which helped to give it a powerful visual impact and refined allure from its earliest versions, earning it a reputation as the *font of luxury*.





C4 - malachite Silver Core





C5 - chrozophora Silver Core

360° view





C6 - vermillion/orcein
Golden Core

360° view



C7 - burnt umber/orpiment

Golden Core

360° view

Frame style ID

Frame front: Bodoni features a compact and geometric yet not excessively sharp design.

The milling enhances colour interplay and the contrast between real and perceived volume.

The opaline top interacts with the translucent base in a trompe d'oeil effect that lightens the perceptive weight of the frame by concealing some of its functional elements, such as the bridge, which is partially transparent.

Temples: the *sail-style* temples owe their name to the shape that resembles a rudder tiller.

The earpiece temple tip is pierced with an "O" inspired by Good's branding.

Core: Visible from the outside due to the subtle transparency of the acetate and made to an exclusive Good's design, it reproduces - with an engraved inscription - the right way to look at things developed from right to left, like the lead lines produced by the traditional Linotype typographic machine, invented in 1886 and defined by Thomas Edison as The Eighth Wonder of the World.



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Palatino

Bold yet playful

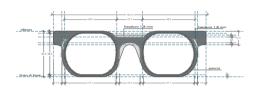
Typography is a two-dimensional architecture. It is based on experience and imagination and guided by the rules of proportion and legibility

Hermann Zapf



EYE: 49 mm BRIDGE: 23 mm TEMPLE: 145 mm









C2 - chiaroscuro Silver Core





C1 - nerofumo

Golden Core

360° view





C3 - azurite

360° view





First designed in: 1948
Designer: Hermann Zapf
Producer: Linotype
Style: Serif – old style
Feature: aggraziato e potente

Inspiration

Our **Palatino** frame style is inspired by the Palatino typeface, designed by Herman Zapf in 1948 and highly appreciated for its legibility.

It is named after Giambattista Palatino, a calligraphy master who lived around the same time as Leonardo da Vinci. Palatino is a typeface based on the classical forms of the Italian Renaissance and has become a *modern classic*, popular among professional and amateur graphic designers alike.

Fun Fact

Palatino's distinct readability made it ideal for publications on low-grade paper used for newspapers and magazines after World War II.









Frame style ID

Frame front: Our Palatino frame style draws inspiration from the original font's design, imitating its light features and proportions. *This frame is decisive yet playful*. The opaline top interacts with the translucent base in a *trompe d'oeil* effect that lightens the perceptive weight of the frame by concealing some of its functional elements, such as the bridge, which is partially transparent.

Temples: The temple is attached to the front via a *UPN hinge* through two riveted rivets, leaving the metal hinge visible. The perforated 'O' from the Good's branding is reproduced at the edge of each temple.

Core: Visible from the outside due to the subtle transparency of the acetate and made to an exclusive Good's design, it reproduces - with an engraved inscription - *the right way to look at things* developed from right to left, like the lead lines produced by the traditional Linotype typographic machine, invented in 1886 and defined by Thomas Edison as *The Eighth Wonder of the World*.



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THE RIGHT
WAY
TO LOOK
AT
THINGS

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